

Please write clearly in	า block capitals.
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.

GCSE BIOLOGY

Foundation Tier Paper 1F

Friday 10 May 2024

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator.

Instructions

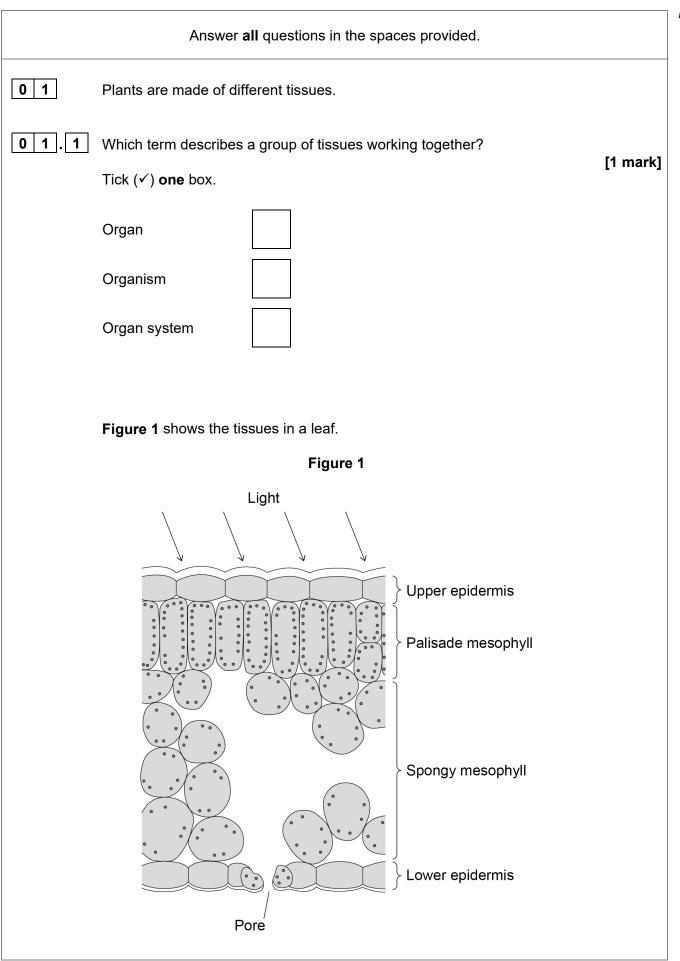
- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
TOTAL		





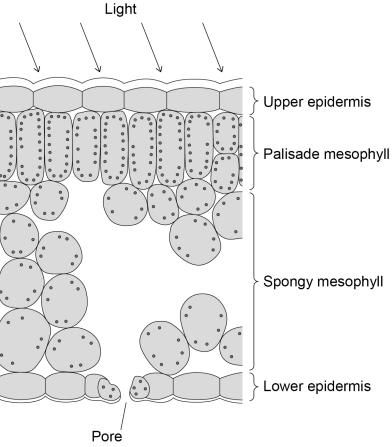


0 1.2	Draw one line from e	each leaf tissue to an important feature of the tissue.	[2 marks]
	Leaf tissue	Feature	
	Palisade mesophyll	Contains many air spaces	
	. ,	Contains the most chloroplasts	
	Spongy mesophyll	Made of dead cells	
0 1.3	_ , , , ,	orts water to the leaves. s the loss of water from the leaves?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box. Photosynthesis		[
	Respiration Transpiration		
0 1.4	Which substance str Tick (✓) one box.	engthens xylem tissue?	[1 mark]
	Glucose		
	Starch		
	Ques	tion 1 continues on the next page	



Figure 1 is repeated below.

Figure 1



0 1.5 The upper epidermis is transparent.

Explain why the upper epidermis needs to be transparent.

Use Figure 1.

[2 marks]

Do not write outside the box

Choose answer	s from the box.		
chloroplasts	guard cells	meristems	stomata
The pores in the	e lower epidermis of	a leaf are called	
The opening an	d closing of the pore	s in the lower epiderm	nis is controlled



Figure 2 shows two cells from phloem tissue.

Figure 2

Figure 2 cannot be reproduced here due to third-party copyright restrictions.

It is a photograph showing two cells from phloem tissue from page numbers 111-120 of the following publication:

Cytochemical Localization of Adenosine Triphosphatase in the Phloem of Pisum sativum and its Relation to the Function of Transfer Cells, Planta Vol. 2 by B J Bentwood and J Cronshaw

0 1	1	•	7	Part A in Figure 2 contains cell sap.	
					Name part A in Figure 2 .

[1 mark]



Do not write outside the box

	Sugars move from cell Y into cell X against the concentration gradient. Energy is needed to move sugars against the concentration gradient.	outside bo.
0 1.8	Which process moves sugars against the concentration gradient? [1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.	
	Active transport	
	Diffusion	
	Osmosis	
0 1.9	Which cell structures are needed to provide energy to move sugars?	
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	Chloroplasts	
	Chromosomes	
	Mitochondria	12
	Turn over for the next question	



- 0 2 Pathogens cause disease.
- 0 2. 1 How does the skin defend the human body against pathogens?

[1 mark]

The stomach contains acid to kill pathogens.

A scientist investigated the effect of acid on the survival of bacteria.

This is the method used.

- 1. Prepare four test tubes each with 10 cm³ of culture solution.
- 2. Use acid to adjust the pH of the solutions to be pH1, pH2, pH3 and pH5
- 3. Add 1 cm³ of bacteria mixture to each test tube.
- 4. Take a 0.1 cm³ sample from each test tube and record the number of live bacteria.
- 5. Keep the test tubes at 37 °C for 24 hours.
- 6. Repeat step 4.

Table 1 shows some of the results.

Table 1

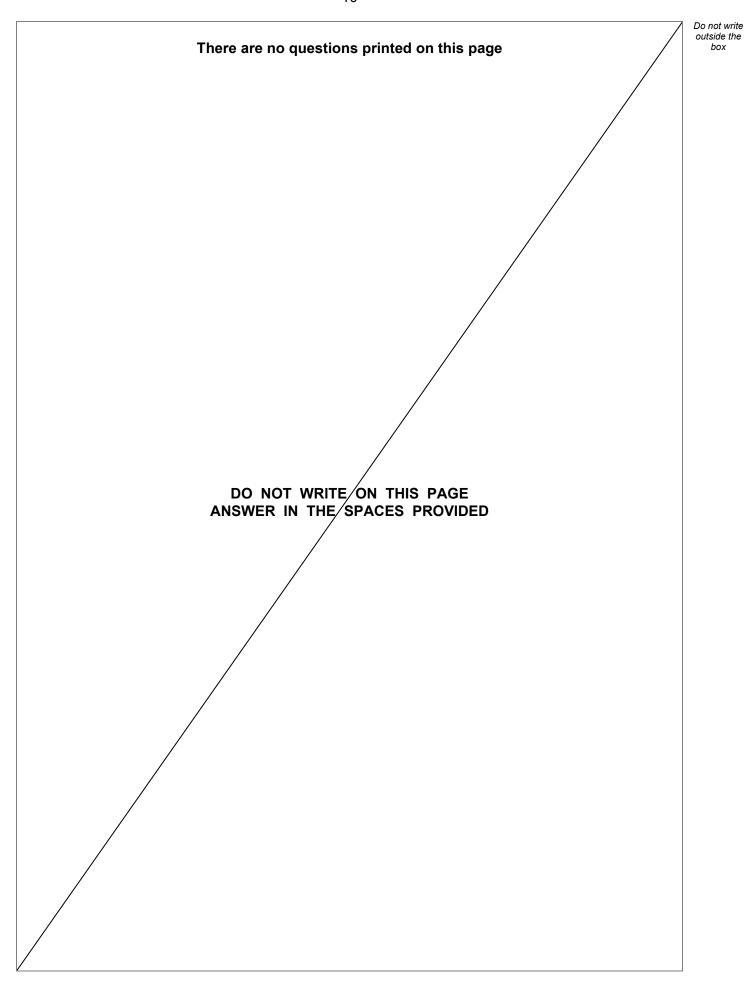
Time in	Number of live bacteria			
hours	pH1	pH2	рН3	pH5
0	210	210	210	216
24	23	X	63	185



0 2.2	What fraction of the bacteria present at 0 hours for pH3 survived for 24 hours	?
	Give your answer in its simplest form.	! marks]
	Fraction surviving =	
0 2.3	How many more bacteria were killed at pH1 than at pH5 in 24 hours?	
	Complete the following steps.	3 marks]
	Calculate the number of bacteria killed at pH1	
	Calculate the number of bacteria killed at pH5	
	Calculate how many more bacteria were killed at pH1 than at pH5	
	Number =	
0 2.4	A student calculated value X in Table 1 to be 43	
	Suggest how the student calculated this value.	2 marks]









Measles is caused by a virus.

The measles vaccine is given to children to prevent them becoming ill with measles.

Draw one line from each blood component to its function when someone is vaccinated against measles.

[2 marks]

Blood component

Function

Help clot the blood where the vaccine was injected

Platelets

Produce antibodies to the measles virus

White blood cells

Transport oxygen to the measles virus

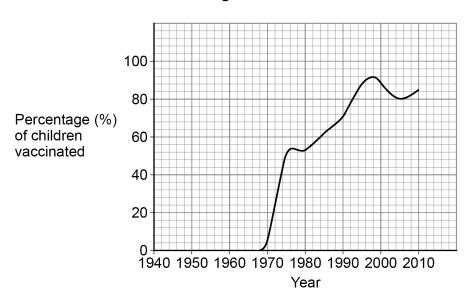
Question 3 continues on the next page



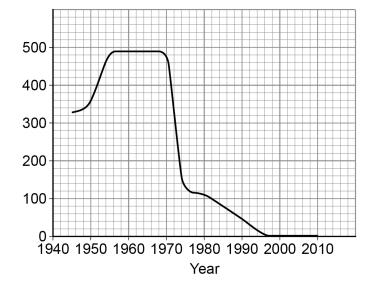
Figure 3 shows information about trends in the UK for:

- percentage of children vaccinated
- the number of people with measles.

Figure 3



Number of people with measles in thousands





0 3.2	What year was the measles vaccine first used?
	Use Figure 3. [1 mark]
	[
0 3.3	Describe the trend in the number of people with measles from 1945 to 1975.
	Use Figure 3.
	[3 marks]
	In 1998 , a scientific paper was published suggesting a link between condition X and one type of measles vaccine.
0 3.4	What happened to the percentage of children vaccinated against measles after the scientific paper was published in 1998?
	Use Figure 3 .
	[1 mark]
	Question 3 continues on the next page
	dates a communication on the hards



0 3.5	Why might the claims made in the scientific paper have affected the percentage of children vaccinated?	box
	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	The measles pathogen did not exist in the UK anymore.	
	Parents were worried their children would get condition X .	
	The health service in the UK did not have any vaccines.	
0 3.6	In 2010, the scientific paper linking condition ${\bf X}$ and the measles vaccine was shown to be based on false claims.	
	What should scientists do with scientific research to help detect false claims?	,
	Tick (✓) one box.	1
	Have the research peer reviewed.	
	Publish the research on the internet.	
	Send a research questionnaire to the public.	
0 3.7	The person who wrote the scientific paper was paid to research the link between condition ${\bf X}$ and the measles vaccine.	
	Why are the claims in the scientific paper likely to be considered not valid? [1 mark]]
		-
		_ 10



0 4	Starch and sugar are two types of carbohydrate.	
0 4.1	Describe the chemical tests that a student could use to show if bread contains: • starch • sugar.	
	You should include the results of a positive test and a negative test for each type of carbohydrate. [4 marks]	
	Question 4 continues on the next page	



A student investigated three types of bread.

For each type of bread, the student:

- put a square piece of bread into their mouth
- did not chew the bread
- recorded the time taken for the bread to taste sweet.

Table 2 shows the results.

Table 2

Type of bread	Time taken for bread to taste sweet in seconds
Brown	43
White	35
Wholemeal	57

0 4 . 2 Complete the sente	ences.
----------------------------	--------

amylase

Choose answers from the box.

fat

[2 marks]

sugar

The starch in the bread was broken down by the
enzyme
The enzyme broke down the starch into

lipase

protease



Do not write outside the

0 4 . 3	What was the independent variable in the investigation?
	Tick (✓) one box.
	The size of the piece of bread
	The temperature of the mouth
	The type of bread
0 4.4	Give two conclusions that can be made from the results in Table 2 . [2 marks]
	1
	2
	Question 4 continues on the next page



Table 2 is repeated below.

Table 2

Type of bread	Time taken for bread to taste sweet in seconds
Brown	43
White	35
Wholemeal	57

The student improved the investigation.

Table 3 shows the results.

Table 3

Type of bread		Γime taken taste sweet		
	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Mean
Brown	38	43	45	42
White	35	31	39	35
Wholemeal	58	55	61	х

0 4 . 5	What did the student do to improve the investigation?	
	Use Table 2 and Table 3 .	[2 marks]



0 4 . 6	Calculate value X in Table 3 .	[2 marks]	out
	X =	seconds	
0 4.7	Why should the student do the investigation with more people? $\label{eq:time_continuous} \text{Tick } (\checkmark) \text{ one box.}$	[1 mark]	
	Each person's sense of taste is different. More people would make the investigation safer.		
	There are many different types of bread.		1
	Turn over for the next question		



0 5 Can	ncer occurs when there is uncontrolled cell division.	
	ich two factors can cause cancer? k (✓) two boxes.	2 marks]
Anti	ibiotics	
Ionis	ising radiation	
Mon	noclonal antibodies	
Salr	monella	
Viru	uses	
Tick Bina	at type of cell division occurs in cancerous cells? k (✓) one box. ary fission tillisation osis	[1 mark]



Do not write outside the box

0	5 .	3	Complete the sentences.
---	------------	---	-------------------------

Choose answers from the box.

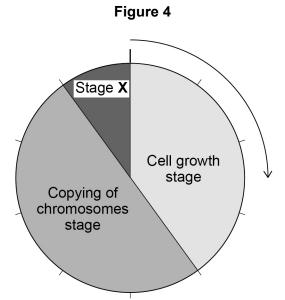
[2 marks]

decrease	fertilise	grow	replicate	
Before a cell divi	des, the cell needs to		·	
Before a cell divi	des, the DNA in the r	ucleus needs to		

Question 5 continues on the next page



Figure 4 shows the cell cycle.

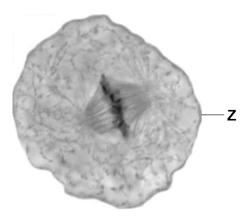


0 5.4	What percentage of the time taken for the cell cycle does the cell growth stage	ge take?			
	Use Figure 4.	[1 mark]			
	Tick (✓) one box.	[i iliai kj			
	10% 20% 40% 90%				
0 5 . 5	What happens during stage X of the cell cycle in Figure 4 ?	[1 mark]			
	Tick (✓) one box.				
	Chromosomes are pulled to each end of the cell.				
	The cell increases in size and mass.				
	The number of mitochondria increases.				



Figure 5 shows an animal cell during cell division.

Figure 5



0 5.6 Name structure **Z** in **Figure 5**.

[1 mark]

Question 5 continues on the next page



0 5 . 7	The image of the cell in Figure 5 : • is magnified 800 times • has a width of 50 mm. Calculate the real width of the cell in Figure 5 . Give your answer in micrometres (µm). Use the equation:	
	real width of cell = $\frac{\text{width of image of cell}}{\text{magnification}}$	
	1 mm = 1000 μm [3 marks]
		-
		_
		_
		_
	Real width of cell =µr	า
		- 1



	Some drugs can	treat cancer.			
0 5 . 8	Complete the ser	ntences.			
	Choose answers	from the box.			[2 marks]
	cells	people	plants	viruses	
			done usingis tested on		
5.9	In drug trials som	e patients are giver	n a tablet which doe	s not contain the	drug.
	What name is given to the tablet that does not contain the drug? [1 mark]				

Turn over for the next question



0 6	A student investigated the effect of different concentrations of salt solution on the mass of uncooked pieces of potato.
	This is the method used.
	1. Cut four pieces of a potato to the same size.
	2. Record the mass of each piece of potato.
	3. Put one of the pieces of potato into a beaker containing 100 cm³ of 0.1 mol/dm³ salt solution.
	4. Repeat step 3 using the other pieces of potato, each in a different concentration of salt solution.
	5. After 20 minutes, remove the pieces of potato from the solutions.
	6. Record the mass of each piece of potato.
0 6.1	Give two control variables the student used in the investigation. [2 marks]
	1
	2



0 6.2	The student needed to be sure the measurements were as accurate as possible.
	What should be done to each piece of potato after removing from the solution and before measuring the mass? [1 mark]
0 6 . 3	Name the piece of apparatus the student could use to measure the mass of the pieces of potato.
	[1 mark]
	Question 6 continues on the next page



Table 4 shows the results.

Table 4

Diago of	Concentration of salt solution in mol/dm³	Mass of pi	ece of potat	Percentage (%)	
Piece of potato		At start	After 20 minutes	Change	change in mass of piece of potato
A	0.1	6.2	6.5	+ 0.3	+ 4.8
В	0.3	6.8	6.5	- 0.3	- 4.4
С	0.5	6.5	5.8	- 0.7	- 10.8
D	0.7	6.0	4.9	- 1.1	x

0 6.4	What was the resolution of the apparatus used for measuring mass? Use Table 4 . Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	0.01 g	
0 6.5	Which piece of potato had the greatest change in mass in the investigation? Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	A B C D	

0 6.6	Calculate value X in Table 4 .	
	Use the equation:	
	percentage change in mass = $\frac{\text{change in mass in grams}}{\text{mass at start in grams}} \times 100$	
	Give your answer to 1 decimal place.	[3 marks]
	X (1 decimal place) =	%
0 6.7	What is the best way to present the data in Table 4 ?	[4 a.u.l.]
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	Bar chart Line graph	
	Pie chart	
	Question 6 continues on the next page	



0 6.8	Complete the sentences.	[3 marks]
	Some of the pieces of potato decreased in mass because the potato cells	
	lost	
	The decrease in mass was due to a process called	·
	The structure surrounding each cell in a piece of potato is	
	partially	

0 6. 9 Table 4 is repeated below.

Table 4

Piece of	Concentration of salt solution in mol/dm³	Mass of pi	ece of potat	Percentage (%)	
potato		At start	After 20 minutes	Change	change in mass of piece of potato
A	0.1	6.2	6.5	+ 0.3	+ 4.8
В	0.3	6.8	6.5	- 0.3	- 4.4
С	0.5	6.5	5.8	- 0.7	- 10.8
D	0.7	6.0	4.9	- 1.1	х

Estimate the concentration of salt solution that would **not** cause a change in mass of these pieces of potato.

[1 mark]

Concentration =	mol/dm ³

14



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0 7	A person has coronary heart disease.
0 7.1	Which blood vessels are affected by coronary heart disease? [1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.
	Arteries Capillaries Veins
	A person's heart stops beating. The person stops breathing.
	A first-aider pushes down on the person's chest.
	Pushing down on the person's chest puts pressure on the heart.
0 7.2	Explain why putting pressure on the heart helps the person. [2 marks]



0 7.3	The first-aider also forces air into the person's lungs by blowing into their mouth.	
	Describe how forcing air into the person's lungs helps the person.	[1 mark]
0 7 . 4	The person's heart starts to beat again and the person starts breathing.	
	The person has a high level of cholesterol in their blood.	
	Name one type of drug that would decrease the level of cholesterol in the person's blood.	
		[1 mark]
0 7.5	A doctor decides that the person needs to have a stent fitted.	
	Explain how a stent works to treat coronary heart disease.	[2 marks]
	Question 7 continues on the next page	





Table 5 shows the effect of smoking on the risk of developing different cardiovascular diseases.

Table 5

Cardiovascular disease	Percentage (%) increase in risk compared to people who have never smoked
E	14
F	20
G	29
Н	70

0 7.6	Give two conclusions that can be made from the data in Table 5 .	[2 marks]
	1	
	2	

0 7. 7 Complete Figure 6.

You should:

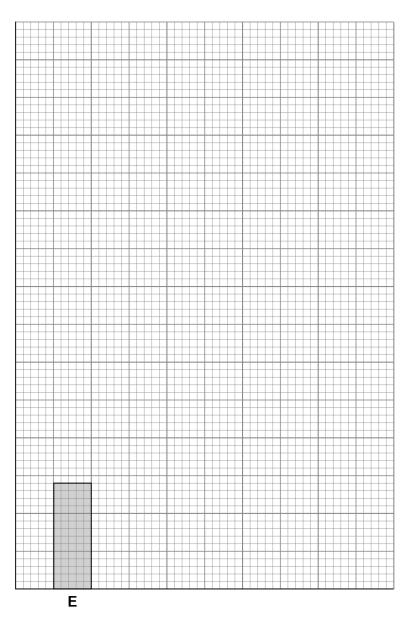
- label the y-axis
- add the correct scale to the y-axis
- plot the data from Table 5
- · label each bar.

The bar for cardiovascular disease **E** has been plotted for you.

[4 marks]







Cardiovascular disease

Describe one lifestyle factor that can increase the risk of cardiovascular disease.Do not refer to smoking in your answer.

[1 mark]

14





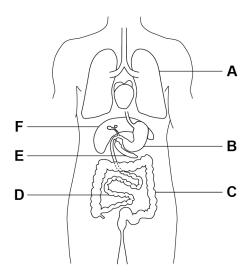
CF affects many organs in the body.

The main organs affected are:

- the lungs
- the pancreas
- the small intestine.

0 8. 2 Figure 7 shows organs of the human body.

Figure 7



Which letters in **Figure 7** show the lungs, the pancreas and the small intestine?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

A, **D** and **E**

A, E and F

B, C and D

B, C and F

Question 8 continues on the next page



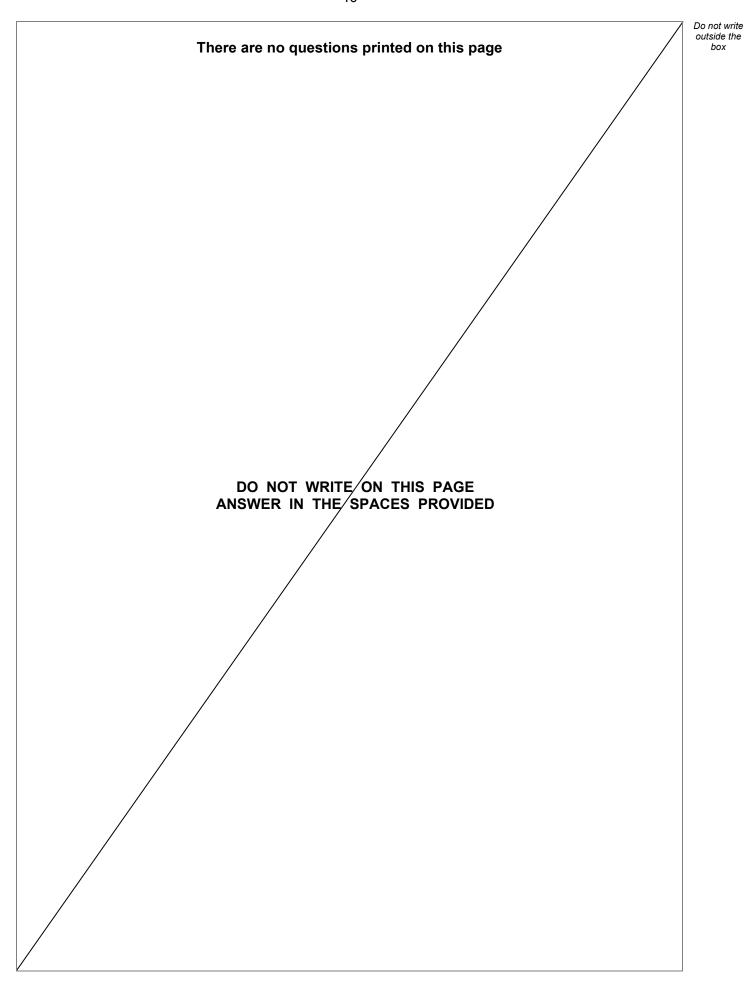
0 8 . 3 The pancreas produces several digestive enzymes. CF reduces the amount of each enzyme that reaches the small intestine. Explain why a person with CF has: • difficulty digesting food • difficulty gaining body mass. [6 marks]



Do not write outside the

	Gas exchange happens in the alveoli in the lungs. Describe three features of the alveoli that help maximise gas exchange.	
	1	[3 marks]
	2	
	2	
	3	
0 8 . 5	CF reduces the amount of oxygen that can enter the blood from the alveoli.	
	Explain how a reduced amount of oxygen entering the blood will affect the human body.	[3 marks]
		[3 marks]
	human body.	[3 marks]
	human body.	[3 marks]
	human body.	[3 marks]







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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