

**GCE** 

# **History A**

Y143/01: British period study and enquiry: Britain 1930-1997

**AS Level** 

Mark Scheme for June 2024

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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#### MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

# PREPARATION FOR MARKING RM ASSESSOR

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: *RM Assessor Assessor Online Training*; *OCR Essential Guide to Marking*.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal <a href="http://www.rm.com/support/ca">http://www.rm.com/support/ca</a>
- 3. Log-in to RM Assessor and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **number of required** standardisation responses.

YOU MUST MARK 5 PRACTICE AND 6 STANDARDISATION RESPONSES BEFORE YOU CAN BE APPROVED TO MARK LIVE SCRIPTS.

#### **MARKING**

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% (traditional 40% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone or the RM Assessor messaging system, or by email.

# 5. Crossed Out Responses

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

# **Rubric Error Responses – Optional Questions**

Where candidates have a choice of question across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given. Enter a mark for each question answered into RM assessor, which will select the

highest mark from those awarded. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate has penalised themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed.)

#### **Multiple Choice Question Responses**

When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate).

When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

# **Contradictory Responses**

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

# Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only one mark per response)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)

# Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth two or more marks)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

# **Longer Answer Questions** (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there, then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. Award No Response (NR) if:
  - there is nothing written in the answer space

# Award Zero '0' if:

• anything is written in the answer space and is not worthy of credit (this includes text and symbols).

Team Leaders must confirm the correct use of the NR button with their markers before live marking commences and should check this when reviewing scripts.

- 8. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by your team leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**If you have any questions or comments for your team leader, use the phone, the RM Assessor messaging system, or e-mail.
- 9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.
- 10. For answers marked by levels of response:
  - a. To determine the level start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that matches the answer
  - b. To determine the mark within the level, consider the following

Descriptor	Award mark
On the borderline of this level and the one below	At bottom of level
Just enough achievement on balance for this level	Above bottom and either below middle or at middle of level (depending on number of marks available)
Meets the criteria but with some slight	Above middle and either below top of level or at middle of level (depending on number of marks
inconsistency	available)
Consistently meets the criteria for this level	At top of level

# 11. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
BP	Blank Page
	Highlight
Off-page comment	
A	Assertion
AN	Analysis
EVAL	Evaluation
EXP	Explanation
F	Factor
ILL	Illustrates/Describes
IRRL	Irrelevant, a significant amount of material that does not answer the question
J	Judgement
KU	Knowledge and understanding
Р	Provenance
SC	Simple comment
3	Unclear
V	View

Annotation	Meaning
5	Synthesis
С	Continuity/Change

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	Use your knowledge of the events surrounding the abdication of Edward VIII to assess how useful Source C is as evidence of support for Edward during the Abdication Crisis.  • In considering Source C, answers might consider the support that Churchill mentions among poorer elements in society and that many would wish him well  • Answers might consider that it is a speech by Churchill, a supporter of Edward and who had attempted two days previously to garner support for him  • Answers might consider that Churchill was a member of the small group known as 'the king's friends'  • Answers might consider that Edward had public support following his visits to some of the depressed areas  • Answers might consider Edward's reputation as a playboy who was unstable, neurotic and was known to have some sympathy towards Nazi Germany  • Answers might consider that many were unhappy about Edward marrying a divorcee and the attitude of the Church	10	The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set.  Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed.  The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set.  No set answer is expected. The answer must assess utility for the issue specified. Analysis and evaluation of utility for other issues is not required and should not be credited. Knowledge must not be credited in isolation. It should only be credited where it is used to analyse and evaluate the sources, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2	Using the three sources in their historical context, assess how far they support the view that Churchill acted unwisely in the abdication crisis.  • In discussing how Source A does and does not support the view, it might be argued that Churchill attempted to find a solution to the abdication crisis, but it might also be argued that the solution was unrealistic • In discussing the provenance of Source A, it might be argued that it is from the diary of a Conservative MP who supported Baldwin, who was opposed to Edward's marriage to Wallis Simpson • In discussing the historical context of Source A, it might be argued that Churchill was a friend of Edward and was also moved by the royal love story  • In discussing how Source B does support the view, it argues that Churchill's speech in the Commons to rally support for Edward was a disaster and reduced the number of potential supporters of the King • In discussing the provenance of Source B, it might be argued that it was written by a supporter of Churchill immediately after his speech and could therefore see the impact of Churchill's speech • In discussing the historical context of Source B, it might be argued that Churchill was a supporter of hereditary monarchy and considered it his duty to support it even if he was unsympathetic to members of the establishment	20	The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set.  Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed.  The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set.  No set answer is expected. At level 5 there will be judgement about the issue in the question. To be valid judgements, they must be supported by accurate and relevant material. Knowledge must not be credited in isolation, it should only be credited where it is used to analyse and evaluate the sources, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	<ul> <li>In discussing how Source C does and does not support the view, it might be argued that Churchill still sees Edward in a positive light, although he also recognizes that he must accept Baldwin's wishes</li> <li>In discussing the provenance of Source C, it might be argued that it is a speech by Churchill and, given his performance two days previously, will be attempting to mend his reputation</li> <li>In discussing the historical context of Source C, it might be argued that Churchill was aware that the Cabinet was opposed to the marriage and that the government would resign if Edward had married her and not abdicated</li> </ul>		

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3*	'Callaghan was a more successful leader of the Labour party than Wilson.'  How far do you agree?  In arguing that Callaghan was more successful:  • Answers might consider the leadership style of Callaghan  • Answers might consider Callaghan's ability to keep a minority government in power for three years  • Answers might consider the success of Callaghan and Healey in persuading the Labour party to accept the IMF loan and the prevention of a severe economic crisis  • Answers might consider the negotiation of the Lib-Lab Pact  • Answers might consider the rate of inflation under the two leaders  • Answers might consider that Callaghan preserved the unity of the Cabinet in 1976 and prevented a similar situation to that of 1931  • Answers might consider the drift to the Left under Wilson, which would cause Labour problems in the 1980s  • Answers might consider the social unrest under Wilson  In arguing that Wilson was more successful:	20	How far do you agree? The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set. Both features that support the hypothesis and features that challenge the hypothesis are detailed.  Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed.  The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set.  No set answer is expected.  No set answer is expected.  At Level 5 there will be judgement as to the success of Callaghan,  At higher Levels candidates might establish criteria against which to judge success,  To be valid judgements, claims must be supported by relevant and accurate material. If not, they are assertions.  Knowledge must not be credited in isolation. It should only be credited where it is used as the basis for analysis and evaluation, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	<ul> <li>Answers might consider the relationship of Wilson and Callaghan with the Unions</li> <li>Answers might consider Callaghan's handling of the 'Winter of discontent'</li> <li>Answers might consider Wilson's handling of the referendum on the EEC</li> <li>Answers might consider that both Wilson and Callaghan lost elections</li> <li>Answers might consider the modernising reforms of Jenkins under Wilson</li> <li>Answers might consider the economic difficulties under both leaders</li> <li>Answers might consider Wilson's failure to join the EEC</li> <li>Answers might consider Wilson's victory in 1974</li> </ul>		
4*	Assess the reasons for Conservative electoral defeat in 1997.  In arguing that Conservative weaknesses were the most important reason:  • Answers might consider the divisions within the Conservative party over Europe  • Answers might consider the impact of the withdrawal from the ERM and the rise in interest rates  • Answers might consider the conflict within the party over the Maastricht agreement  • Answers might consider the stories of sleaze and scandal within the party	20	The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set. Both features that support the hypothesis and features that challenge the hypothesis are detailed.  Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed.  The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set.  No set answer is expected.  At Level 5 there will be judgement as to the most important reason.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
Question	Answers might consider Major's leadership, which was seen as uninspiring and unable to guarantee the support of his party     Answers might consider how long the party had been in power and that people wanted a change  In arguing that Labour strengths were an important factor:     Answers might consider the appeal of Tony Blair     Answers might consider that Blair had built on the achievements of Smith, ending union block voting and promising a Scottish parliament     Answers might consider the more youthful and attractive Labour party, carefully portrayed by the image of 'cool Britannia'     Answers might consider the appeal of New Labour which appeared to unify the country     Answers might consider the imbalance in the electoral system by which the Conservatives had to poll 26,000 more votes than Labour for	Mark	At higher Levels candidates might establish criteria against which to judge the importance of the different factors.     To be valid judgements, claims must be supported by relevant and accurate material. If not, they are assertions.     Knowledge must not be credited in isolation. It should only be credited where it is used as the basis for analysis and evaluation, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.
	<ul> <li>each seat it won</li> <li>Answers might consider the popular policies Labour offered</li> </ul>		

# APPENDIX 1 – this contains a generic mark scheme grid

	AO2: Analyse and evaluate appropriate source materials, primary and/or contemporary to the period, within its historical cont ext.
	Generic mark scheme for Section A, Question 1: Use your knowledge of [specified historical context] to assess how useful Source [] is as evidence of [10]
Level 5 9–10 marks	The answer has a good focus on the question. The source is evaluated, using both provenance and relevant knowledge of the historical context that is specified in the question, in order to engage with the source and reach a supported analysis of its utility as evidence for the issue in the question.
Level 4 7–8 marks	The answer is mostly focused on the question. The source is evaluated, using both provenance and generally relevant knowledge of the historical context that is specified in the question, in order to engage with the source and produce an analysis of its utility as evidence for the issue in the question. The use of provenance may not be developed.
Level 3 5–6 marks	The answer is partially focused on the question. There is partial evaluation of the source, with use of some knowledge of the historical context that is specified in the question, in order to engage with the source and produce a partial analysis of its utility as evidence for the issue in the question.
Level 2 3–4 marks	The answer has only limited focus on the question. There is a generalised evaluation of the source, with use of limited knowledge of the historical context that is specified in the question, in order to engage with the source and produce a basic analysis of its utility as evidence for the issue in the question.
Level 1 1–2 marks	This answer is on the wider topic area, but not on the detail of the question. There is a very basic evaluation of the source, with very limited use of very generalised knowledge of historical context that is specified in the question, in order to engage with the source in a very limited way to attempt a very simple analysis of its utility. This analysis may primarily take the form of drawing information from the source, and it will be considered more as evidence for the wider topic area than the specific issue in the question.
0 marks	No evidence of understanding or reference to the source.

	AO2: Analyse and evaluate appropriate source materials, primary and/or contemporary to the period, within its historical cont ext.
	Generic mark scheme for Section A, Question 2: How far do the three sources support the view? [20]
Level 5 17–20 marks	The answer has a good focus on the question. The sources are evaluated, using both provenance and relevant knowledge of their historical context, in order to engage with the sources and reach a supported analysis of them in relation the issue in the question. There may be some imbalance in the analysis between use of provenance and use of knowledge.
Level 4 13–16 marks	The answer is mostly focused on the question. The sources are evaluated, using both provenance and generally relevant knowledge of their historical context, in order to engage with the sources and produce an analysis of them in relation to the question. The use of provenance may not be developed.
Level 3 9–12 marks	The answer is partially focused on the question. There is partial evaluation of the sources, with use of some knowledge of their historical context, in order to engage with the sources and produce a partial analysis of them in relation to the question.
Level 2 5–8 marks	The answer has only limited focus on the question. Evaluation of the sources is very general. There is limited use of generalised knowledge of historical context to engage with the sources and produce a basic analysis of them in relation to the question.
Level 1 1–4 marks	This answer is on the wider topic area, but not on the detail of the question. The sources are evaluated in a very basic way, primarily being used as a source of information with understanding of them being only partial. A very generalised knowledge of historical context is used in a very limited way to engage with the sources and to attempt a very simple analysis of them in relation to the question.
0 marks	No evidence of understanding or reference to the sources.

	AO1: Demonstrate, organise and communicate knowledge and understanding to analyse and evaluate the key features related to the periods studied, making substantiated judgements and exploring concepts, as relevant, of cause, consequence, change, continuity, similarity, difference and significance.
	Generic mark scheme for Section B, Questions 3 and 4: Essay [20]
Level 5 17–20 marks	There is a mostly consistent focus on the question. Generally accurate and detailed knowledge and understanding is demonstrated through most of the answer and is evaluated and analysed in order to reach substantiated judgements, but these are not consistently well-developed.  There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and in the most part substantiated.
Level 4 13–16 marks	The question is generally addressed. Generally accurate and sometimes detailed knowledge and understanding is demonstrated through most of the answer with evaluation and some analysis, and this is used appropriately to support the judgements that are made.  There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some evidence.
Level 3 9–12 marks	The question is partially addressed. There is demonstration of some relevant knowledge and understanding, which is evaluated and analysed in parts of the answer, but in places knowledge is imparted rather than being used. The analysis is appropriately linked to the judgements made, though the way in which it supports the judgements may not always be made explicit.  The information has some relevance and is presented with limited structure. The information is supported by limited evidence.
Level 2 5–8 marks	The focus is more on the topic than the specific demands of the question. Knowledge and understanding is limited and not well used, with only limited evaluation and analysis, which is only sometimes linked appropriately to the judgements made.  The information has some relevance, but is communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited evidence and the relationship to the evidence may not be clear.
Level 1 1–4 marks	The answer relates to the topic but not the specific question. The answer contains only very limited relevant knowledge which is evaluated and analysed in a very limited way. Judgements are unsupported and are not linked to analysis.  Relevant knowledge is limited, generalised and poorly used; attempts at argument are no more than assertion. Information presented is basic and may be ambiguous or unstructured. The information is supported by limited evidence.
0 marks	No evidence of understanding and no demonstration of any relevant knowledge.

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