

Please write clearly in	n block capitals.	
Centre number	Candidate number	
Surname		
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Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.	J

# AS **PSYCHOLOGY**

Paper 2 Psychology in context

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

# Materials

For this paper you may use:

• a calculator.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

#### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 72.
- You will be assessed on your ability to:
  - use good English
  - organise information clearly
  - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

For Examiner's Use		
Section	Mark	
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TOTAL		



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	Section A	
	Approaches in Psychology	
	Answer all questions in this section.	
0 1	Explain the process of synaptic transmission.	[4 marks]
	Extra space	



lan is telling his friend that he was nearly involved in a car accident. "I was driving home when a branch fell in the road. My heart started to beat very fast and my mouth went dry. I slammed on the brakes and avoided hitting the branch. As I drove away, it took some time for my heart rate to come back down to normal."
Outline the role of adrenalin in the fight or flight response. Refer to lan's experiences in your answer.
[6 marks]
Extra space





Extra space  Grace's room is always messy. Her older sister, Lily, keeps her room very tidy. The next time Lily tidies her room, the girls' mother gives Lily five pounds.  Using your knowledge of social learning theory, explain why Grace might be more likely to tidy her room in the future.  [5 marks]	
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[5 marks]	



5	Outline what is meant by cognitive neuroscience.	[4 marks]
		[4 IIIaiks]
6	Briefly explain <b>one</b> strength of the cognitive approach in psychology.	[2 marks]

Turn over for Section B

Turn over ▶



#### Section B

# **Psychopathology**

Answer all questions in this section.

Rita is talking to her therapist about her phobia of dogs.

"I am terrified of dogs. When I see one, I cannot move until it has walked away. I cannot go to my friend's house any longer because she has two dogs and I shake when they come near me. I try not to leave the house in case I see one on the street."

0 7 . 1	Give <b>two</b> behavioural characteristics of phobias that would be seen in someone who has a phobia of dogs. Refer to Rita in your answer.
	[4 marks]



		Do not write outside the
0 7 . 2	Explain how the therapist could use systematic desensitisation to treat Rita's phobia of dogs.	box
	[4 marks]	
	Extra space	
	•	
0 8	Describe <b>one</b> cognitive explanation of depression.	
0 0	[4 marks]	





definitions of abnormality.	[12 mark
You may use this space to plan your	answer
Tournay doe the opace to plan your	dilowor.



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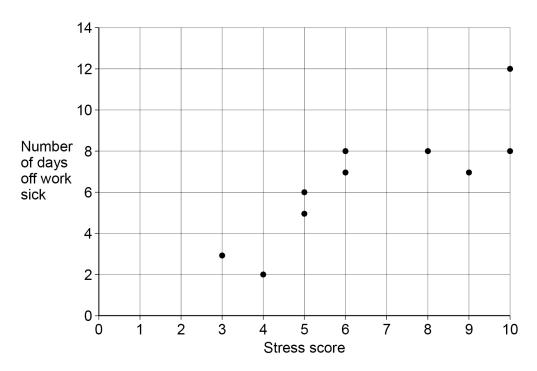
# **Section C**

	Research Methods
	Answer all questions in this section.
Only <b>two</b> ar	nswers per question are allowed.
For each gu	lestion completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.
CORRECT METH	
·	to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.
as shown.	to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select
	A psychologist investigated the relationship between stress and illness at a local school. The psychologist placed an advert on the staffroom noticeboard. Ten teachers contacted the psychologist offering to complete the psychologist's questionnaire.
	In the questionnaire stress levels were measured on a scale from 1 to 10, with a higher score indicating greater stress. The questionnaire also asked how many days they had been absent from work due to sickness in the previous six months.
1 0.1	Write a suitable operationalised non-directional hypothesis for this investigation.  [3 marks]
1 0.2	Identify the sampling method used in this investigation.  [1 mark]



The results from the study are shown in Figure 1 below.

Figure 1 The relationship between stress level scores 1–10 and number of days absent from work due to sickness in the previous six months



1 0 . 3	What does the graph in <b>Figure 1</b> suggest about the relationship between stress and illness?		
		[2 marks]	

Question 10 continues on the next page



Turn over ►

1 0.4	Explain why the psychologist could not conclude that stress caused illn basis of the data in <b>Figure 1</b> .	ess on the	Do not write outside the box
	pasis of the data in Figure 1.	[3 marks]	
1 0 . 5	Which <b>two</b> of the following best describe the stress level scores collect psychologist?	ed by the	
	Shade <b>two</b> boxes.	[2 marka]	
		[2 marks]	
	A Meta-analysis	0	
	<b>B</b> Primary	0	
	C Qualitative	0	
	<b>D</b> Quantitative	0	
	E Secondary	0	



In a follow-up study, the psychologist asked the same ten teachers to take part in an experiment to compare two strategies designed to encourage relaxation and lower heart rate.

**Condition 1**: Five of the teachers were given meditation techniques to complete every day for a week.

Condition 2: The other five teachers were given a healthy diet to follow for a week.

Each teacher's heart rate was measured at the start of the week and at the end of the week.

The results are summarised in Table 1.

Table 1 Mean and standard deviation values for meditation and healthy diet conditions

	Meditation condition		Healthy diet condition	
	Start of week	End of week	Start of week	End of week
Mean heart rate	76	68	80	79
Standard deviation	3.8	1.8	4.0	3.9

	strategies? Justify your answer.
	[2 marks]
	•
1 1 . 2	What do the standard deviation values for the meditation condition suggest? Justify
	your answer. [2 marks]
	[=ao]
	·

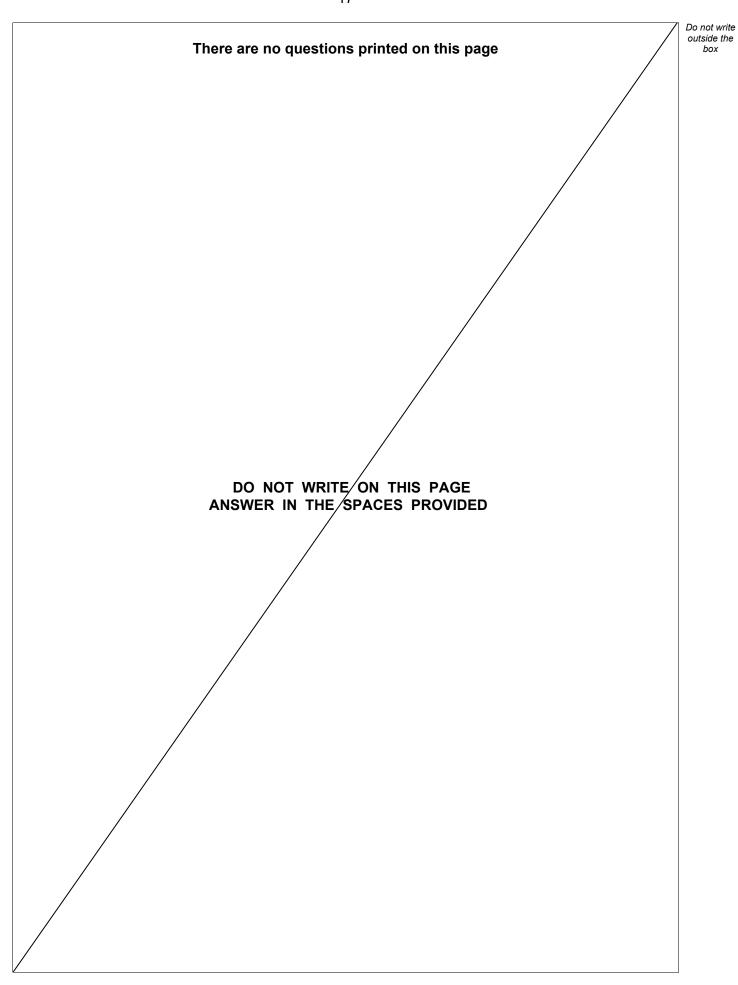




1 1.3	Outline how the psychologist could have obtained informed consent when conducting	Do not write outside the box
	the follow-up study.  [3 marks]	
1 1.4	In the follow-up study, the psychologist used a different group of people in each condition, which could have affected the results.	
	Outline <b>two</b> ways in which the psychologist might change the design of this study to deal with this problem.  [6 marks]	
	Change 1	
	Change 2	
	Change 2	
		24

#### **END OF QUESTIONS**







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