



GCSE ENGLISH LITERATURE

Paper 1N 19th-century novel

Time allowed: 50 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- an AQA 12-page Answer Book.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do **not** use pencil.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The **Paper Reference** is 8702/1N.
- Answer **one** question.
- You must **not** use a dictionary.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 30.

There are no questions printed on this page

The 19th-century novel		Question	Page
Robert Louis Stevenson	<i>The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde</i>	01	4–5
Charles Dickens	<i>A Christmas Carol</i>	02	6–7
Charles Dickens	<i>Great Expectations</i>	03	8–9
Charlotte Brontë	<i>Jane Eyre</i>	04	10–11
Mary Shelley	<i>Frankenstein</i>	05	12–13
Jane Austen	<i>Pride and Prejudice</i>	06	14–15
Arthur Conan Doyle	<i>The Sign of Four</i>	07	16–17

Turn over for question 01

Answer **one** question on your chosen text.

Either

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Robert Louis Stevenson: *The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde*

Read the following extract from Chapter 8 (The Last Night) of *The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, Utterson and Poole go to Dr. Jekyll’s house because they are worried about him.

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It was a wild, cold, seasonable night of March, with a pale moon, lying on her back as though the wind had tilted her, and a flying wrack of the most diaphanous and lawny texture. The wind made talking difficult, and flecked the blood into the face. It seemed to have swept the streets unusually bare of passengers, besides; for Mr. Utterson thought he had never seen that part of London so deserted. He could have wished it otherwise; never in his life had he been conscious of so sharp a wish to see and touch his fellow-creatures; for, struggle as he might, there was borne in upon his mind a crushing anticipation of calamity. The square, when they got there, was all full of wind and dust, and the thin trees in the garden were lashing themselves along the railing. Poole, who had kept all the way a pace or two ahead, now pulled up in the middle of the pavement, and, in spite of the biting weather, took off his hat and mopped his brow with a red pocket-handkerchief. But for all the hurry of his coming, these were not the dews of exertion that he wiped away, but the moisture of some strangling anguish; for his face was white, and his voice, when he spoke, harsh and broken.

“Well, sir,” he said, “here we are, and God grant there be nothing wrong.”

“Amen, Poole,” said the lawyer.

Thereupon the servant knocked in a very guarded manner; the door was opened on the chain; and a voice asked from within, “Is that you, Poole?”

“It’s all right,” said Poole. “Open the door.”

The hall, when they entered it, was brightly lighted up; the fire was built high; and about the hearth the whole of the servants, men and women, stood huddled together like a flock of sheep. At the sight of Mr. Utterson, the housemaid broke into hysterical whimpering; and the cook, crying out “Bless God! it’s Mr. Utterson,” ran forward as if to take him in her arms.

“What, what? Are you all here?” said the lawyer peevishly. “Very irregular, very unseemly; your master would be far from pleased.”

“They’re all afraid,” said Poole.

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Starting with this extract, explore how Stevenson uses settings to create a disturbing and threatening atmosphere.

Write about:

- how Stevenson uses settings in this extract
- how Stevenson uses settings to create a disturbing and threatening atmosphere in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►

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Charles Dickens: *A Christmas Carol*

Read the following extract from Chapter 2 of *A Christmas Carol* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, the Ghost of Christmas Past shows Scrooge the Christmas party he attended at Mr Fezziwig’s warehouse when he was a young man.

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But if they had been twice as many—ah, four times—old Fezziwig would have been a match for them, and so would Mrs. Fezziwig. As to her, she was worthy to be his partner in every sense of the term. If that’s not high praise, tell me higher, and I’ll use it. A positive light appeared to issue from Fezziwig’s calves. They shone in every part of the dance like moons. You couldn’t have predicted, at any given time, what would have become of them next. And when old Fezziwig and Mrs. Fezziwig had gone all through the dance; advance and retire, both hands to your partner, bow and curtsy, corkscrew, thread-the-needle, and back again to your place; Fezziwig “cut”—cut so deftly, that he appeared to wink with his legs, and came upon his feet again without a stagger. When the clock struck eleven, this domestic ball broke up. Mr. and Mrs. Fezziwig took their stations, one on either side of the door, and shaking hands with every person individually as he or she went out, wished him or her a Merry Christmas. When everybody had retired but the two ’prentices, they did the same to them; and thus the cheerful voices died away, and the lads were left to their beds; which were under a counter in the back-shop. During the whole of this time, Scrooge had acted like a man out of his wits. His heart and soul were in the scene, and with his former self. He corroborated everything, remembered everything, enjoyed everything, and underwent the strangest agitation. It was not until now, when the bright faces of his former self and Dick were turned from them, that he remembered the Ghost, and became conscious that it was looking full upon him, while the light upon its head burnt very clear. “A small matter,” said the Ghost, “to make these silly folks so full of gratitude.” “Small!” echoed Scrooge. The Spirit signed to him to listen to the two apprentices, who were pouring out their hearts in praise of Fezziwig: and when he had done so, said, “Why! Is it not? He has spent but a few pounds of your mortal money: three or four perhaps. Is that so much that he deserves this praise?” “It isn’t that,” said Scrooge, heated by the remark, and speaking unconsciously like his former, not his latter, self. “It isn’t that, Spirit. He has the power to render us happy or unhappy; to make our service light or burdensome; a pleasure or a toil. Say that his power lies in words and looks; in things so slight and insignificant that it is impossible to add and count ’em up: what then? The happiness he gives, is quite as great as if it cost a fortune.”

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Starting with this extract, explore how Dickens presents ideas about joy and happiness in *A Christmas Carol*.

Write about:

- how Dickens presents joy and happiness in this extract
- how Dickens presents ideas about joy and happiness in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►

or

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Charles Dickens: *Great Expectations*

Read the following extract from Chapter 1 of *Great Expectations* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, Pip meets Magwitch for the first time.

‘Hold your noise!’ cried a terrible voice, as a man started up from among the graves at the side of the church porch. ‘Keep still, you little devil, or I’ll cut your throat!’

A fearful man, all in coarse grey, with a great iron on his leg. A man with no hat, and with broken shoes, and with an old rag tied round his head. A man who had been soaked in water, and smothered in mud, and lamed by stones, and cut by flints, and stung by nettles, and torn by briars; who limped and shivered, and glared and growled; and whose teeth chattered in his head as he seized me by the chin.

5 ‘O! Don’t cut my throat, sir,’ I pleaded in terror. ‘Pray don’t do it, sir.’

 ‘Tell us your name!’ said the man. ‘Quick!’

 ‘Pip, sir.’

 ‘Once more,’ said the man, staring at me. ‘Give it mouth!’

 ‘Pip. Pip, sir.’

15 ‘Show us where you live,’ said the man. ‘Pint out the place!’

 I pointed to where our village lay, on the flat in-shore among the alder-trees and pollards, a mile or more from the church.

 The man, after looking at me for a moment, turned me upside down, and emptied my pockets. There was nothing in them but a piece of bread. When the church came to itself—for he was so sudden and strong that he made it go head over heels before me, and I saw the steeple under my feet—when the church came to itself, I say, I was seated on a high tombstone, trembling, while he ate the bread ravenously.

20 ‘You young dog,’ said the man, licking his lips, ‘what fat cheeks you ha’ got.’

25 I believe they were fat, though I was at that time undersized, for my years, and not strong.

 ‘Darn Me if I couldn’t eat ’em,’ said the man, with a threatening shake of his head, ‘and if I han’t half a mind to’t!’

 I earnestly expressed my hope that he wouldn’t, and held tighter to the tombstone on which he had put me; partly, to keep myself upon it; partly, to keep myself from crying.

30 ‘Now lookee here!’ said the man. ‘Where’s your mother?’

 ‘There, sir!’ said I.

 He started, made a short run, and stopped and looked over his shoulder.

35 ‘There, sir!’ I timidly explained. ‘Also Georgiana. That’s my mother.’

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Starting with this extract, explore how far Dickens presents Magwitch as a dangerous character.

Write about:

- how Dickens presents Magwitch in this extract
 - how far Dickens presents Magwitch as a dangerous character in the novel as a whole.
- [30 marks]**

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►

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Charlotte Brontë: *Jane Eyre*

Read the following extract from Chapter 8 of *Jane Eyre* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, Helen Burns comforts Jane after she has been punished by Mr Brocklehurst.

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‘Well, Helen?’ said I, putting my hand into hers: she chafed my fingers gently to warm them, and went on –

‘If all the world hated you, and believed you wicked, while your own conscience approved you, and absolved you from guilt, you would not be without friends.’

‘No; I know I should think well of myself; but that is not enough: if others don’t love me I would rather die than live – I cannot bear to be solitary and hated, Helen. Look here; to gain some real affection from you, or Miss Temple, or any other whom I truly love, I would willingly submit to have the bone of my arm broken, or to let a bull toss me, or to stand behind a kicking horse, and let it dash its hoof at my chest – ’

‘Hush, Jane! you think too much of the love of human beings; you are too impulsive, too vehement; the sovereign hand that created your frame, and put life into it, has provided you with other resources than your feeble self, or than creatures feeble as you. Besides this earth, and besides the race of men, there is an invisible world and a kingdom of spirits: that world is round us, for it is everywhere; and those spirits watch us, for they are commissioned to guard us; and if we were dying in pain and shame, if scorn smote us on all sides, and hatred crushed us, angels see our tortures, recognise our innocence (if innocent we be: as I know you are of this charge which Mr Brocklehurst has weakly and pompously repeated at secondhand from Mrs Reed; for I read a sincere nature in your ardent eyes and on your clear front), and God waits only the separation of spirit from flesh to crown us with a full reward. Why, then, should we ever sink overwhelmed with distress, when life is so soon over, and death is so certain an entrance to happiness – to glory?’

I was silent; Helen had calmed me; but in the tranquillity she imparted there was an alloy of inexpressible sadness. I felt the impression of woe as she spoke, but I could not tell whence it came; and when, having done speaking, she breathed a little fast and coughed a short cough, I momentarily forgot my own sorrows to yield to a vague concern for her.

Resting my head on Helen’s shoulder, I put my arms round her waist; she drew me to her, and we reposed in silence. We had not sat long thus, when another person came in. Some heavy clouds, swept from the sky by a rising wind, had left the moon bare; and her light, streaming in through a window near, shone full both on us and on the approaching figure, which we at once recognised as Miss Temple.

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'Brontë shows Jane learning about herself and life from the female characters in the novel.'

Starting with this extract, explore how far you agree with this view.

Write about:

- how Brontë presents Jane in this extract
- how far Brontë presents Jane learning about herself and life from one or more female character(s) in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►

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Mary Shelley: *Frankenstein*

Read the following extract from Letter 4 of *Frankenstein* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, Robert Walton describes his first meeting with Victor Frankenstein.

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On perceiving me, the stranger addressed me in English, although with a foreign accent. 'Before I come on board your vessel,' said he, 'will you have the kindness to inform me whither you are bound?'

You may conceive my astonishment on hearing such a question addressed to me from a man on the brink of destruction, and to whom I should have supposed that my vessel would have been a resource which he would not have exchanged for the most precious wealth the earth can afford. I replied, however, that we were on a voyage of discovery towards the northern pole.

Upon hearing this he appeared satisfied, and consented to come on board.

Good God! Margaret, if you had seen the man who thus capitulated for his safety, your surprise would have been boundless. His limbs were nearly frozen, and his body dreadfully emaciated by fatigue and suffering. I never saw a man in so wretched a condition. We attempted to carry him into the cabin; but as soon as he had quitted the fresh air, he fainted. We accordingly brought him back to the deck, and restored him to animation by rubbing him with brandy, and forcing him to swallow a small quantity. As soon as he showed signs of life we wrapped him up in blankets, and placed him near the chimney of the kitchen stove. By slow degrees he recovered, and ate a little soup, which restored him wonderfully.

Two days passed in this manner before he was able to speak; and I often feared that his sufferings had deprived him of understanding. When he had in some measure recovered, I removed him to my own cabin, and attended on him as much as my duty would permit. I never saw a more interesting creature: his eyes have generally an expression of wildness, and even madness; but there are moments when, if anyone performs an act of kindness towards him, or does him any the most trifling service, his whole countenance is lighted up, as it were, with a beam of benevolence and sweetness that I never saw equalled. But he is generally melancholy and despairing; and sometimes he gnashes his teeth, as if impatient of the weight of woes that oppresses him.

When my guest was a little recovered, I had great trouble to keep off the men, who wished to ask him a thousand questions; but I would not allow him to be tormented by their idle curiosity, in a state of body and mind whose restoration evidently depended upon entire repose. Once, however, the lieutenant asked, Why he had come so far upon the ice in so strange a vehicle?

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Starting with this extract, explore how far Shelley presents Victor Frankenstein as a victim of his own actions.

Write about:

- how Shelley presents Victor Frankenstein in this extract
- how far Shelley presents Victor Frankenstein as a victim of his own actions in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►

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Jane Austen: *Pride and Prejudice*

Read the following extract from Chapter 22 of *Pride and Prejudice* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, Charlotte Lucas tells Elizabeth that she has accepted an offer of marriage from Mr Collins.

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The possibility of Mr. Collins’s fancying himself in love with her friend had once occurred to Elizabeth within the last day or two; but that Charlotte could encourage him seemed almost as far from possibility as she could encourage him herself, and her astonishment was consequently so great as to overcome at first the bounds of decorum, and she could not help crying out:

“Engaged to Mr. Collins! My dear Charlotte—impossible!”

The steady countenance which Miss Lucas had commanded in telling her story, gave way to a momentary confusion here on receiving so direct a reproach; though, as it was no more than she expected, she soon regained her

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composure, and calmly replied:

“Why should you be surprised, my dear Eliza? Do you think it incredible that Mr. Collins should be able to procure any woman’s good opinion, because he was not so happy as to succeed with you?”

But Elizabeth had now recollected herself, and making a strong effort for it,

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was able to assure with tolerable firmness that the prospect of their relationship was highly grateful to her, and that she wished her all imaginable happiness.

“I see what you are feeling,” replied Charlotte. “You must be surprised, very much surprised—so lately as Mr. Collins was wishing to marry you. But when you have had time to think it over, I hope you will be satisfied with what I have

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done. I am not romantic, you know; I never was. I ask only a comfortable home; and considering Mr. Collins’s character, connections, and situation in life, I am convinced that my chance of happiness with him is as fair as most people can boast on entering the marriage state.”

Elizabeth quietly answered “Undoubtedly;” and after an awkward pause, they

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returned to the rest of the family. Charlotte did not stay much longer, and Elizabeth was then left to reflect on what she had heard. It was a long time before she became at all reconciled to the idea of so unsuitable a match. The strangeness of Mr. Collins’s making two offers of marriage within three days was nothing in comparison of his being now accepted. She had always felt that

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Charlotte’s opinion of matrimony was not exactly like her own, but she had not supposed it to be possible that, when called into action, she would have sacrificed every better feeling to worldly advantage. Charlotte the wife of Mr. Collins was a most humiliating picture! And to the pang of a friend disgracing herself and sunk in her esteem, was added the distressing conviction that it was

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impossible for that friend to be tolerably happy in the lot she had chosen.

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Starting with this extract, explore how Austen presents attitudes towards romance in *Pride and Prejudice*.

Write about:

- how Austen presents attitudes towards romance in this extract
- how Austen presents attitudes towards romance in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►

or

0 7 Arthur Conan Doyle: *The Sign of Four*

Read the following extract from Chapter 11 (The Great Agra Treasure) of *The Sign of Four* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, Watson has brought the treasure chest to Mary Morstan.

‘That is all over,’ I answered. ‘It was nothing. I will tell you no more gloomy details. Let us turn to something brighter. There is the treasure. What could be brighter than that? I got leave to bring it with me, thinking that it would interest you to be the first to see it.’

5 ‘It would be of the greatest interest to me,’ she said. There was no eagerness in her voice, however. It had struck her, doubtless, that it might seem ungracious upon her part to be indifferent to a prize which had cost so much to win.

‘What a pretty box!’ she said, stooping over it. ‘This is Indian work, I suppose?’

10 ‘Yes; it is Benares metalwork.’

‘And so heavy!’ she exclaimed, trying to raise it. ‘The box alone must be of some value. Where is the key?’

‘Small threw it into the Thames,’ I answered. ‘I must borrow Mrs. Forrester’s poker.’

15 There was in the front a thick and broad hasp, wrought in the image of a sitting Buddha. Under this I thrust the end of the poker and twisted it outward as a lever. The hasp sprang open with a loud snap. With trembling fingers I flung back the lid. We both stood gazing in astonishment. The box was empty!

No wonder that it was heavy. The ironwork was two-thirds of an inch thick all

20 round. It was massive, well made, and solid, like a chest constructed to carry things of great price, but not one shred or crumb of metal or jewellery lay within it. It was absolutely and completely empty.

‘The treasure is lost,’ said Miss Morstan calmly.

As I listened to the words and realized what they meant, a great shadow

25 seemed to pass from my soul. I did not know how this Agra treasure had weighed me down until now that it was finally removed. It was selfish, no doubt, disloyal, wrong, but I could realize nothing save that the golden barrier was gone from between us.

‘Thank God!’ I ejaculated from my very heart.

30 She looked at me with a quick, questioning smile.

‘Why do you say that?’ she asked.

‘Because you are within my reach again,’ I said, taking her hand. She did not withdraw it. ‘Because I love you, Mary, as truly as ever a man loved a woman. Because this treasure, these riches, sealed my lips. Now that they are gone I

35 can tell you how I love you. That is why I said, “Thank God.”’

‘Then I say, “Thank God”, too,’ she whispered, as I drew her to my side. Whoever had lost a treasure, I knew that night that I had gained one.

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Starting with this extract, explore how Conan Doyle presents attitudes towards treasure and wealth in *The Sign of Four*.

Write about:

- how Conan Doyle presents attitudes towards treasure and wealth in this extract
- how Conan Doyle presents attitudes towards treasure and wealth in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

END OF QUESTIONS

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