

Please write clearly in	า block capitals.
Centre number	Candidate number
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Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.

# GCSE GEOGRAPHY

Paper 2 Challenges in the Human Environment

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

#### **Materials**

For this paper you must have:

- the insert (enclosed)
- a pencil
- a rubber
- a ruler.

You may use a calculator.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.

Answer <u>all</u> questions in Section A and Section B. Answer <u>Question 3</u> and <u>one other</u> question in Section C.

- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need additional extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book.
  - Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

#### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The total number of marks available for this paper is 88.
- Spelling, punctuation, grammar and specialist terminology will be assessed in Question 01.11.
- HIC is a higher income country.
- LIC is a lower income country.
- NEE is a newly emerging economy.

For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
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4		
5		
6		
TOTAL		



For the mu	Itiple-choice questions, shade the circle next to the correct answer.	
CORRECT M	ETHOD   WRONG METHODS	
If you want	to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.	
If you wish	to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish nown.	to
	Section A Urban issues and challenges	
	Answer <b>all</b> questions in this section.	
Question 1	Urban issues and challenges	
0 1.1	What is meant by rural-urban migration?	[1 mark]



Study **Figure 1**, a map showing cities that are expected to become megacities by 2035.

Figure 1



Describe the distribution of the cities shown in <b>Figure 1</b> .  [2 marks]
Outline <b>one</b> reason why managing transport is important for urban sustainability.  [2 marks]

Question 1 continues on the next page



Study **Figure 2**, photographs of the Vertical Forest development in Milan, a city in Italy.

Figure 2





0 1 . 4	Explain why creating green space is important for sustainable urban living.	
	Use <b>Figure 2</b> and your own understanding.	[4 marks]



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	Question 1 continues on the next page	



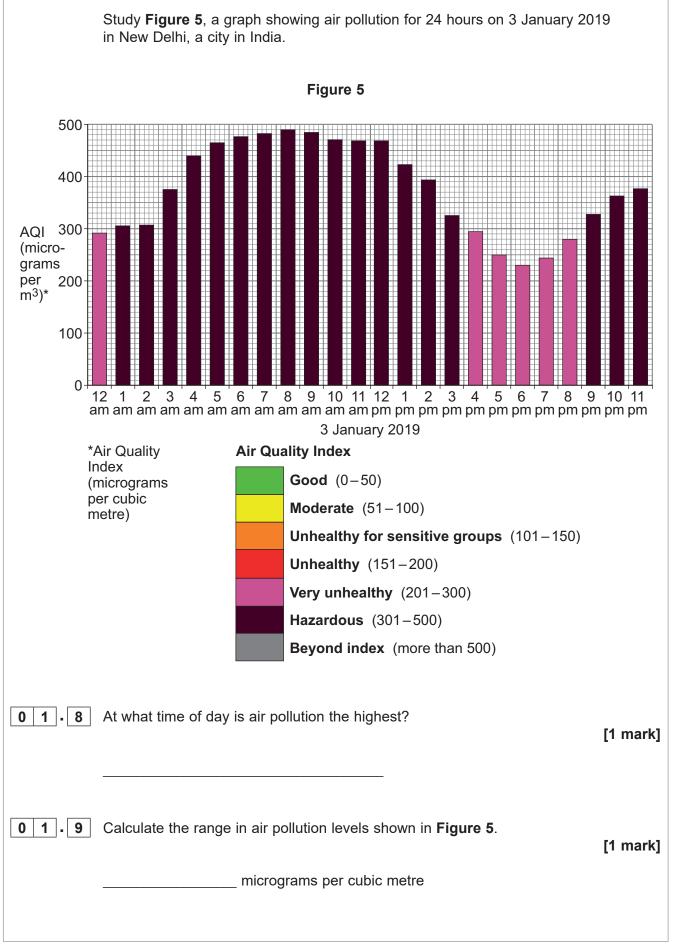
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		udy <b>Figure 3</b> , in the insert, a 1:50 0 erdeen, a city in the UK.	000 Ordnance Survey map showing pa	rt of
0 1.5			rid reference for the park and ride.	
	Sh	ade <b>one</b> circle only.		[1 mark]
	A	0686		
	В	0687		
	С	8606		
	D	8706		
0 1.6		ing <b>Figure 3</b> , what is the distance e e edge of the built up area at 89006	along the A944 from the junction at 854 66?	4063 to
	Sh	ade <b>one</b> circle only.		[4 mork]
	Α	2.8 km		[1 mark]
	В	3.3 km		
	С	3.8 km		
	D	4.3 km		



	Study <b>Figure 4</b> , in the insert, a 1:50 000 Ordnance Survey map from the 1950s showing the same area of Aberdeen as <b>Figure 3</b> .
0 1.7	Suggest how urban sprawl and the growth of commuter settlements have impacts on the rural-urban fringe.
	Use <b>Figure 3</b> and <b>Figure 4</b> and your own understanding.  [6 marks]
	Extra space
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	Question 1 continues on the next page







	9
0 1 . 1 0	Outline <b>one</b> reason why levels of air pollution are so high in many LIC/NEE cities.  [2 marks]
	Question 1 continues on the next page



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0 1 . 1 1	Assess the extent of the challenges created by urban growth in LICs/NEEs.		
	Use a case study of a city in an LIC/NEE.	[9 marks] [+ 3 SPaG marks]	
	Name of LIC/NEE city		
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End of Section A	
Turn over for Section B	



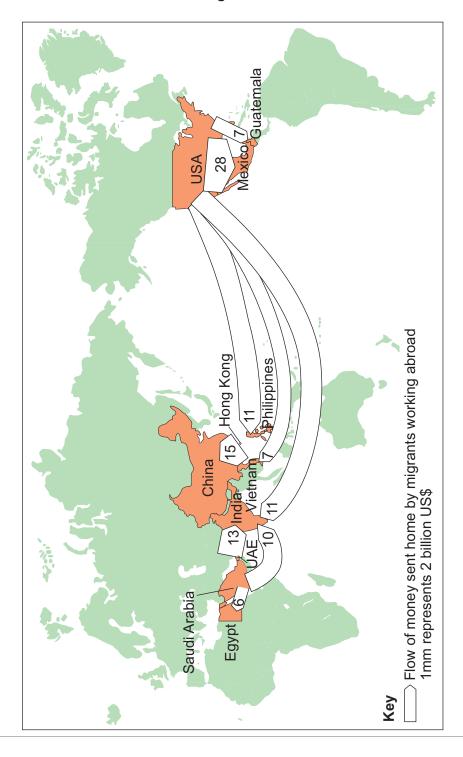
## Section B The changing economic world

Answer all questions in this section.

## Question 2 The changing economic world

Study **Figure 6**, a world map showing the 10 largest global flows of money sent home by migrants working abroad in 2016.

Figure 6





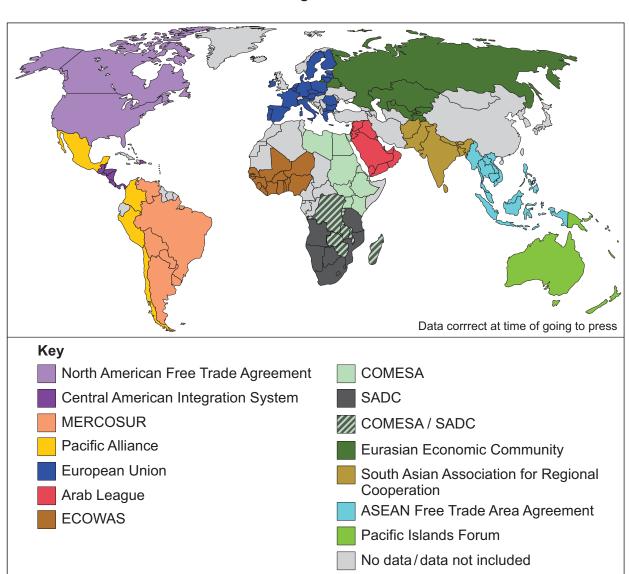
0 2 . 1	Use the following data to complete <b>Figure 6</b> . [2 marks]				
	From	То	Amount US\$ billion		
	USA	China	14		
0 2 . 2	Guatemala receiv	es from migrants in t	NI) in 2016 was US\$135 billion. he USA is US\$7 billion. a's GNI that comes from payme SA		
	Answer to the nea	-	J, W	[1 mark]	
0 2.3	Outline how uneven	en development can	cause international migration.	[3 marks]	
0 2 . 4	Describe the social	al <b>or</b> cultural backgro	ound of a named LIC/NEE count	ry. [2 marks]	
	Name of country				
	Qu	estion 2 continues	on the next page		

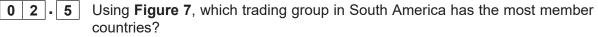




Study **Figure 7**, a map showing some of the main regional trade groupings in the world.

Figure 7





[1 mark]



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0 2 . 6	Explain how one country's trading relationships with the wider world have char	nged.
	Use <b>Figure 7</b> and an LIC/NEE you have studied. [4 r	marks]
	Name of country	
	Extra space	

Question 2 continues on the next page



Study **Figure 8**, some information about Asha. Asha is an aid project in Delhi, a city in India.

#### Figure 8

Asha is a charity which aims to work with the urban poor to bring long-term and sustainable improvement to their quality of life, regardless of their background or religion.

Around 700 000 people in 91 slums have benefited from Asha's work.

The charity receives money from a number of sources, including Indian, British and Australian governments, some UK schools, international banks, and other charities.

Asha allows slum residents access to banks. They can open accounts with no money and can benefit from loans at extremely good rates. Some people have tripled their incomes and 99% make loan repayments on time.

Asha provides resource centres, all of which have computers and broadband internet, and children are encouraged to take a basic computer course. English classes help children grow in confidence and develop skills that narrow the gap between them and better-off youngsters.

0 2 - 7	Use <b>Figure 8</b> to state <b>one</b> source of Asha's funding.	[1 mark]
0 2 . 8	Use <b>Figure 8</b> to state <b>one</b> way that Asha helps slum dwellers financially.	[1 mark]



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0 2 . 9	'Aid is the best way to reduce the development gap.'	
	To what extent do you agree?	
	Use <b>Figure 8</b> and your own understanding.	markel
	oJ	marks]
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	Question 2 continues on the next page	
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changes in the UK rural landscape are: of population growth of population decline.	•
sing <b>one or more</b> examples.  [9 marks]	J
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## Section C The challenge of resource management

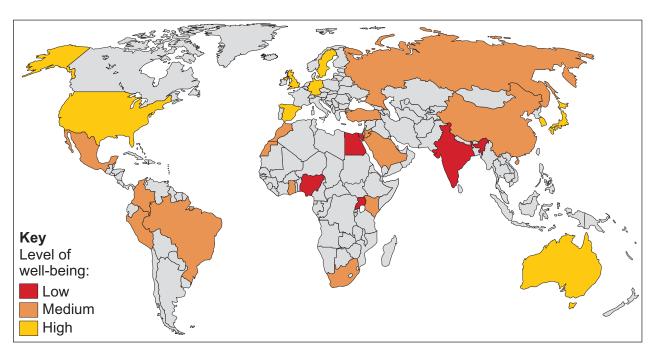
#### Answer Question 3 and

either Question 4 (Food) or Question 5 (Water) or Question 6 (Energy).

## Question 3 The challenge of resource management

Study **Figure 9**, a map showing the levels of well-being for young people in selected countries.

Figure 9



0 3 . 1	Suggest how access to clean water may influence the differences in levels well-being shown in <b>Figure 9</b> .		
		[2 marks]	



0 3.2	Name <b>one</b> area in the UK that experiences water deficit.	[1 mark]
0 3.3	There is a need to transfer water in the UK to maintain supplies.  Explain how changing demand for water increases this need.	[3 marks]
	Question 3 continues on the next page	



Study Figure 10a and Figure 10b.

**Figure 10a** shows the amount of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emitted to produce 1 kg of food.

Figure 10b is a screenshot of a local food organisation's website.

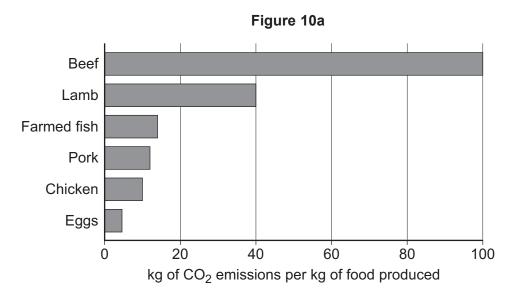


Figure 10b





0   3   . 4	'Growing concern in the UK about the carbon footprint of food creates both opportunities and challenges.'	1
	Use evidence from Figure 10a and Figure 10b to explain this statement.	[6 marks]
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12

## **End of Question 3**

Turn over for the next question

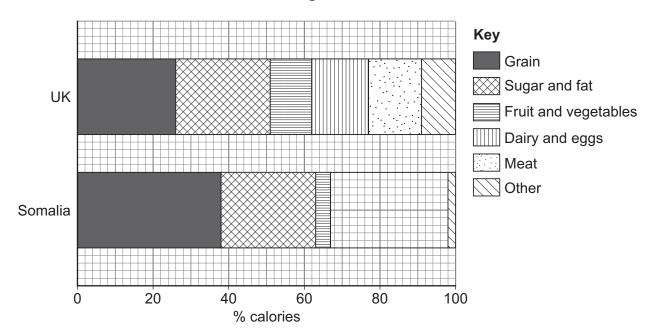


Answer either Question 4 (Food) or Question 5 (Water) or Question 6 (Energy).

#### Question 4 Food

Study **Figure 11**, a divided bar chart showing the typical daily diet in the UK and Somalia.

Figure 11



0 4 . 1 Complete **Figure 11** using the following data for Somalia.

Food	% calories
Dairy and eggs	24
Meat	7

[2 marks]

0	4.	2	State <b>two</b> differences between the typical daily diet in the UK and Somalia	shown	in
			Figure 11.		

[2 marks]

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2 \_\_\_\_\_



	25	
0 4 . 3	Outline <b>one</b> reason for differences in food supply between countries.	[2 marks]
0 4 4	What is meant by food insecurity?	[1 mark]
	Question 4 continues on the next page	



Study Figure 12a and Figure 12b.

#### Figure 12a – Newspaper article

#### EGYPT HIT HARD BY PRICE RISES

Shoppers in Egypt are struggling to afford basic foods after huge price increases.

During February 2017 the price of rice increased by 72%, sugar by 70% and milk by 42%.

Figure 12b – Protests about rising bread prices in Tunisia



0 4 5	Suggest how food insecurity can have both economic and social impacts.	
	Use Figure 12a and Figure 12b and your own understanding.	[6 marks]
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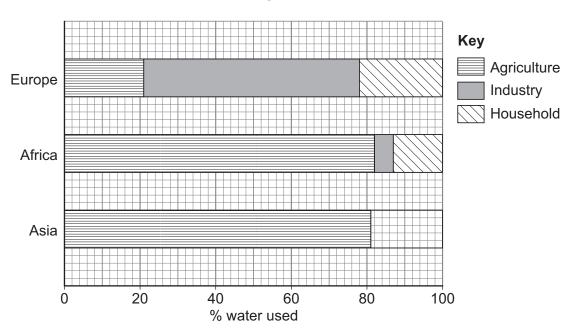
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Extra space	
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End of Question 4	
If you have answered Question 4, do not answer Question 5 or 6	
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#### Question 5 Water

Study **Figure 13**, a divided bar chart showing water use by different sectors of the economy in Europe, Africa and Asia.

Figure 13



0 5 . 1 Complete **Figure 13** using the following data for Asia.

Sector	% water used
Industry	10
Household	9

[2 marks]

0	5	. 2	State <b>two</b> differences between the water use in Europe and Africa shown in
			Figure 13.

[2 marks]

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	29	
0 5.3	Outline <b>one</b> reason for differences in water use between countries.	[2 marks]
0 5.4	What is meant by water insecurity?	[1 mark]
	Question 5 continues on the next page	
	Question 3 continues on the next page	



Study Figure 14a and Figure 14b.

Figure 14a – Queues for water in South Africa



Figure 14b - Protest sign in the USA



0 5 . 5	Suggest how water insecurity can have both economic and social impacts.	
	Use Figure 14a and Figure 14b and your own understanding.	[6 marks]



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## **End of Question 5**

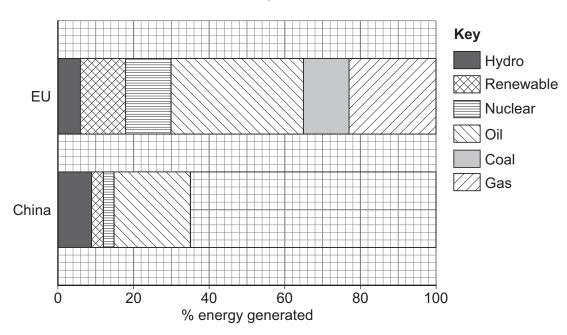
If you have answered Question 5, do not answer Question 4 or 6



## Question 6 Energy

Study **Figure 15**, a divided bar chart showing the energy mix in the European Union (EU) and China.

Figure 15



0 6 . 1 Complete **Figure 15** using the following data for China.

Energy source	% energy generated
Coal	59
Gas	6

[2 marks]

0 6 . 2	State two differences between the energy mix in the EU and China shown in
	Figure 15.

[2 marks]

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0 6 3	Outline <b>one</b> reason for differences in energy use between countries.	[2 marks]
0 6 - 4	What is meant by energy insecurity?	[1 mark]
	Question 6 continues on the next page	



Study Figure 16a and Figure 16b.

Figure 16a – Drilling for oil in the Amazon Rainforest



Figure 16b - Cleaning up after an oil spill



0 6 . 5	Suggest how energy insecurity can have both economic and environmental impacts.		
	Use <b>Figure 16a</b> and <b>Figure 16b</b> and your own understanding.	[6 marks]	





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