

Please write clearly in block capitals.					
Centre number		Candidate number			
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GCSE PSYCHOLOGY

Paper 2 Social context and behaviour

Monday 3 June 2019

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you may use:

· a calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

For Examiner's Use	
Section	Mark
Α	
В	
С	
D	
TOTAL	

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- Question 19 is a synoptic question in which you will be rewarded for your ability to draw together different areas of knowledge and understanding from across the full course of study.
- Questions should be answered in continuous prose. You will be assessed on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.



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Section A

Social influence		
	Answer all questions in the spaces provided.	
Only one ar	nswer per question is allowed.	
For each ar	nswer completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.	
CORRECT METH	OD WRONG METHODS ♥ ● ♦ ♥	
If you want	to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as sho	own.
If you wish to as shown.	to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now	wish to select
0 1	Read the following descriptions of bystander behaviour. Decide whic affects bystander intervention is the most likely explanation of the bedescribed.	
0 1.1	Caitlin jumped into a river and rescued a child who had fallen in. Cait hero but dismissed the praise saying 'I just did what any other off-dut have done.'	
	Shade one box.	-4
		[1 mark]
	A Anonymity	0
	B Cost of helping	0
	C Deindividuation	0
	D Expertise	0
	E Presence of others	0
	F Similarity to victim	0



0 1.2	People were waiting at a bus stop. Just as the bus arrived, one of the people collapsed on the pavement. All of the people who were concerned they would be late for work got onto the bus. Some other people stayed behind to help.		
	Shade one box.	[1 mark]	
	A Anonymity	0	
	B Cost of helping	0	
	C Deindividuation	0	
	D Expertise	0	
	E Presence of others	0	
	F Similarity to victim	0	
0 1.3	After a football game, a supporter fell over. The only people who stop were wearing shirts showing that they were supporters of the same te person that fell over. Shade one box.		
	A Anonymity	0	
	B Cost of helping	0	
	C Deindividuation	0	
	D Expertise	0	
	E Presence of others	0	
	F Similarity to victim	0	
	Turn over for the next question		

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0 3	Briefly explain Milgram's agency theory of social factors affecting obedience	
		[3 marks]
0 4	Use your knowledge of psychology to evaluate Adorno's theory of the	
	Authoritarian Personality.	[5 marks]
	Turn over for the next question	

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0 5	Read the following article.	
	Results of study into collective behaviour Researchers have carried out a study into collective behaviour with students from two different countries. People from Country A are more individualistic and people from Country B are more collectivist. The researchers found a difference in the way that students from each country behaved when they were put into a group and did a shared task. Students from Country A were found to put in less effort than students from Country B.	
0 5.1	What is meant by 'collective behaviour'? [1 mark]	
0 5.2	Identify and explain two social factors that influenced the collective behaviour described in the article. [4 marks] Social Factor 1	
	Social Factor 2	
0 5.3	Use an example to explain how one dispositional factor could affect collective behaviour. [2 marks]	



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Section B

Language, thought and communication

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

0 Read the following statements about findings from research into facial expressions.

Decide if each statement suggests that non-verbal behaviour is more likely to be **innate** or more likely to be **learned**.

Tick (\checkmark) the correct box next to **each** statement.

[3 marks]

Evidence	Innate	Learned
Research has shown that all newborn babies make facial expressions showing disgust and pain.		
Research has shown that people who are blind from birth use very similar facial expressions to people who have normal vision.		
Research has shown that there are differences in the way that people from Japan and America understand facial expressions.		

0 7	The Sapir–Whorf hypothesis suggests thinking depends on language. two evaluations of the Sapir–Whorf hypothesis.	Briefly explain	
	two evaluations of the Sapii–whom hypothesis.	[4 marks]	



0 8.1	Describe and evaluate Von Frisch's bee study. In your description include the method used, the results obtained and a conclusion drawn. [9	marks]



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0 8.2	Write a suitable alternative hypothesis for Von Frisch's bee study. [2 marks]
0 8.3	What is meant by quantitative and qualitative data?
	A researcher is studying bees to investigate animal communication. Give one
	example of quantitative data that the researcher might collect. [3 marks]
	Quantitative data
	Qualitative data
	Example of quantitative data
	Turn over for the next question



0 9.1	State two factors that affect personal space. 1.	[2 marks]	Do not write outside the box
0 9.2	Use an example to explain how one of the factors that you have stated in Question 9.1 affects personal space.	[2 marks]	
			25



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Section C

Brain and neuropsychology

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

1 0 Read the following information.

Rhys was walking to school on the morning of his psychology exam. He realised that he was breathing faster than normal and wondered if that was because he was in a hurry, or because he was worried about his exam. As he reached the school gates, Rhys noticed someone from his class he thought was really attractive. Even though he felt his heart start to beat faster and he started to sweat, he tried to look confident by smiling and standing up straight.

From the information, identify **two** examples of functions of the autonomic nervous system and **two** examples of functions of the somatic nervous system.

Write your answers in the correct boxes.

[4 marks]

Autonomic nervous system examples	Somatic nervous system examples

Turn over for the next question



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1 1 Read the following information.

Researchers wanted to understand more about how the fight or flight response affects heart rates. They asked 10 participants to wear heart monitors and to go on a roller coaster ride. The researchers recorded the beats per minute (bpm) of the participants' heart rates at three different times. The first time was 20 minutes before the ride, the second time was halfway through the ride and the last time was just as the ride finished. The results from all three times are shown in **Table 1**.

Table 1: bpm recorded at each point of the roller coaster ride.

Participant	Before the ride	Halfway through the ride	As the ride finished
1	80	125	100
2	70	140	115
3	90	135	110
4	70	115	95
5	80	135	100
6	70	145	100
7	70	140	105
8	60	130	110
9	90	150	125
10	80	135	105

Calculate the mean for the participants' bpm recordings taken 20 minutes before the

ride. Griow your workings.	[2 n
Workings:	



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1 1.2	What is the median for the participants' bpm recordings taken when they were halfway through the ride?
	[1 mark]
1 1.3	Identify the mode for the participants' bpm recordings taken when the ride had just finished.
	Shade one box.
	[1 mark]
	A 100
	B 105
	C 110
	D 115
1 1.4	Look at the changes in the heart rates recorded in Table 1 . Use your knowledge of
	the fight or flight response to explain these changes. [4 marks]
	Turn over for the next question
	1 2 2 13. 13. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11.



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1 2	Describe and evaluate Hebb's theory of learning and neuronal growth.	[6 marks]
1 3	Give a definition of cognitive neuroscience.	[1 mark]



1 4	A neuropsychologist is trying to find out why a patient is suddenly experiencing difficulties moving one side of their body.	Do not write outside the box
1 4.1	Use your knowledge of psychology to:	
	 name which lobe of the brain the neuropsychologist should investigate and explain your answer suggest a possible cause of the neurological damage that the patient seems to be experiencing. [3 marks] Lobe of the brain and explanation	
	Possible cause	
1 4.2	Name an appropriate scanning technique that the neuropsychologist could use as part of his investigation. Justify your answer. [3 marks]	
	Turn over for the next question	25

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Section D

	Psychological problems	
	Answer all questions in the spaces provided.	
1 5	Kaij carried out a study into genetic vulnerability and alcohol abuse.	
1 5.1	Identify the target population from which Kaij selected his sample of p	articipants.
	Shade one box.	[1 mark]
	A Identical male twins from Sweden	0
	B Male twins from Sweden	0
	C Swedish males who drink	0
	D Twins from Sweden	0
1 5.2	Which of the following methods for collecting data was used by Kaij in	ı his study?
	Shade one box.	[1 mark]
	A Field experiment	0
	B Interviews	0
	C Laboratory experiment	0
	D Observation study	0



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1 6	Read the following article.			
	Psychologists believe that social media can make us feel lonely!			
	Researchers claim they have discovered that spending more time on social media sites can actually make us feel less connected to other people. This increases our sense of isolation. Researchers say that this is having a negative effect on our mental health and could be damaging to our relationships. It may also have a negative effect on our physical wellbeing and lead to an increased need for social care.			
1 6.1	Identify one characteristic of mental health. [1 mark]			
1 6.2	Briefly explain how significant mental health problems can affect both individuals and society. Refer to the article in your answer. [4 marks]			
	Turn over for the next question			



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17.1	Identify one intervention or therapy for depression. [1 mark]
1 7.2	Evaluate the intervention or therapy for depression that you have identified in your answer to Question 17.1. [4 marks]
1 8	A researcher is going to carry out a questionnaire to find out if university students are addicted to harmful substances. All the students have been given full details about the study and have consented to take part.
	Use your knowledge of psychology to:
	 write one appropriate question that the researcher could ask the university students identify one ethical issue, apart from informed consent, that the researcher needs to address in this study. Explain how he could deal with the issue you identify. [4 marks]
	Question
	Ethical issue



Use your knowledge of psychology to discuss peer influence and conformations for addictive behaviours.	nity to [9 marks]
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END OF QUESTIONS



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